So you get a Kita-place for your child:

Beginning with the age of 1 year every child has the right to get a Kita-place. Your first contact person is the local community or the city where you live. There you get to know where there are Kitas in your surroundings. Take care as soon as possible of a Kita-place!

The Kita-attendance of your child and also the lunch costs money. Beginning with the age of 3 years the care for the first six hours a day is free of charge.

If you do not have income enough to pay the Kita-place, you can file an application for support at the Youth Office (Jugendamt).

We offer you support,

- when you are not sure, if your child should go to Kita.
- when you need support and help looking for a Kita-place.
- when you need help to announce your child at the Kita.
- when there are understanding difficulties with the Kita.

Federal Program “Starting Kita: Building Bridges in early Education” in the district of Fulda

- South-west region
  with the focus of activities in
  Flieden And Neuhof
  Jugendhilfeverbund St. Elisabeth
  Treffpunkt Königreich Flieden
  Hannah Aland
  Tel. 0151-26862417
  koenigreich@caritas-fulda.de

- East/Rhön Region
  with the focus of activities in
  Ebersburg and Gersfeld
  Familienzentrum Ebersburg
  Sabine Massel
  Tel. 0175-5275232
  kitaeinstieg@ebersburg.de

- Region Hünfeld
  with the focus of activities in
  Hünfeld
  Deutsches Rotes Kreuz Kreisverband Hünfeld
  Jugend- und Familienzentrum
  Julia Kalmikow
  Tel. 0151-72313171
  j.kalmikow@drk-huenfeld.de

- Coordinating and network-office:
  Landkreis Fulda
  Irmi Warmuth
  Tel. (0661) 6006-9482
  kita@landkreis-fulda.de

“Starting Kita: Building Bridges in early Education” is a program of the Federal Ministry for Family, Seniors, Women and Youth (BMFSFJ).
What is a Kita (Kindertagesstätte)?

Kitas are Day Care Centers, educational institutions for children. Girls and boys of different provenience, religion, nationality und culture – here they play, learn, rave and laugh.

Kitas are open from Monday to Friday. The daily opening hours differ from Kita to Kita. Some of them take children beginning with the age of three years, some of them already with the age of one or two years.

Every Kita has a daily routine with common meals like breakfast and lunch and time to relax.

In the first weeks, in which a child enters the Kita, there is an adjustment period, for your child gets habituated. So the children get used to the procedure in the Kita and the new environment.

The Kita-attendance is good for the development of your child

The children get to know other children in the Kita, they get friends, they can discover new things together, and they can play, can make things with their hands and sing together.

The various interests and talents of the children are promoted in order to develop them into independent and self-standing persons and to be prepared for the school-attendance.

An important basis for the education opportunities of your child is the language, which is promoted by playing together.

The cooperation of the parents with the Kita:

The conversation with the qualified personnel of the Day Care Center is very important. As parents you know exactly the needs of your child and you can turn to the qualified personnel with your worries and fears.

It is very important for the Kita, that as parents you are reliable. Arrange with the qualified personnel when you bring your child and when you take him home, respectively when your child cannot come.